## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A process for preparing a compound of formula I,

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wherein:

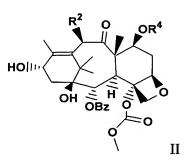
R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl;

10  $R^1$  is -C(O)R<sup>z</sup> in which  $R^z$  is  $(CH_3)_3CO$ -,  $(CH_3)_3CCH_2$ -,  $CH_3(CH_2)_3O$ -, cyclobutyl-, cyclohexyloxy, or (2-furyl); and

comprising the steps of:

(a) reacting a compound of formula II,

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wherein  $R^2$  is as defined hereinabove, and  $R^4$  is a hydroxy protecting group, with a beta-lactam of formula IV,

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R are as defined hereinabove, and R<sup>3</sup> is a hydroxy protecting group, in presence of a base to produce the compound of formula III,

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wherein R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined hereinabove; and

- (b) deprotecting the hydroxy protecting groups R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> of the compound of formula III to provide the compound of formula I.
  - 2. The process of claim 1, wherein said hydroxy protecting group is selected from the group consisting of ether, dialkylsilylether, trialkylsilylether, dialkylalkoxysilylether, ester and carbonate.

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3. The process of claim 2, wherein:

said ether hydroxy protecting group is methyl, t-butyl, benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, allyl, trityl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethoxymethyl, ethoxyethyl, 1-methyl-1-methoxyethyl, tetrahydropyranyl, or tetrahydrothiopyranyl;

said dialkylsilylether hydroxy protecting group is dimethylsilyl;

said trialkylsilylether hydroxy protecting group is trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, or t-butyldimethylsilyl;

said dialkylalkoxysilylether hydroxy protecting group is diisopropyl methoxy silyl;

said ester hydroxy protecting group is benzoyl, acetyl, phenylacetyl, formyl, mono-, di-, or trihaloacetyl; and

said canbonate hydroxy protecting group is methyl, ethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, allyl, benzyl or p-nitrophenyl.

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4. The process of claim 1, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of 1-methyl-1-methoxyethyl (MOP), trialkyl silyl and dialkyl alkoxy silyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of dialkyl alkoxy silyl, trialkyl silyl and benzyl carbonate.

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- 5. The process of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is triethyl silyl or t-butyldimethylsilyl; and  $R^4$  is diisopropyl methoxy silyl.
- 6. The process of claim 1, wherein said step (b) comprises contacting the compound of formula III with at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a fluoride source and an acid.
  - 7. A process for preparing a compound of formula Ia,

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comprising the steps of:

(a) reacting a compound of formula IIa,

wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a hydroxy protecting group, with a beta-lactam of formula IVa,

R<sup>3</sup>O, N

wherein R<sup>3</sup> is a hydroxy protecting group, in the presence of a base to produce a compound of formula IIIa,

ONH OOO OR4
OBZ OO OIIIIa

wherein R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined hereinabove; and

(b) deprotecting the hydroxy protecting groups R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> of the compound of formula IIIa to provide a compound of formula Ia.

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- 8. The process of claim 7, wherein said hydroxyl protecting group is selected from the group consisting of ether, dialkylsilylether, trialkylsilylether, dialkylalkoxysilylether, ester and carbonate.
- 5 9. The process of claim 8, wherein: said ether hydroxyl protecting group is methyl, t-butyl, benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, allyl, trityl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethoxymethyl, ethoxyethyl, 1-methyl-1-methoxyethyl, tetrahydropyranyl, or tetrahydrothiopyranyl;

said trialkylsilylether hydroxyl protecting group is trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, or t-butyldimethylsilyl;

said dialkylsilylether hydroxyl protecting group is dimethylsilyl;

said dialkylalkoxysilylether hydroxyl protecting group is diisopropyl methoxy silyl;

said ester hydroxyl protecting group is benzoyl, acetyl, phenylacetyl, formyl, mono-, di-, or trihaloacetyl; and

said canbonate hydroxyl protecting group is methyl, ethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, allyl, benzyl or p-nitrophenyl.

- 10. The process of claim 7, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of 1-20 methyl-1-methoxyethyl (MOP), trialkyl silyl and dialkyl alkoxy silyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of dialkyl alkoxy silyl, trialkyl silyl and benzyl carbonate.
- 11. The process of claim 7, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is triethyl silyl or t-butyldimethylsilyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is diisopropyl methoxy silyl.
  - 12. The process of claim 7, wherein said step (b) comprises contacting the compound of formula III with at least one reagent selected from the group consisting of a fluoride source and an acid.

13. A process for preparing a compound of formula I,

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wherein:

R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl;

 $R^{1}$  is -C(O)R<sup>z</sup> in which  $R^{z}$  is (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CO-, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>-, CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>O-, cyclobutyl-, cyclohexyloxy, or (2-furyl); and

 $R^2$  is  $CH_3C(O)O$ -,

comprising the steps of:

(a) deprotecting a compound of formula V,

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wherein R and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined hereinabove, and R' is an amine protecting group, to produce a compound of formula VI,

wherein R and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined hereinabove; and

- (c) attaching R<sup>1</sup> to the NH<sub>2</sub> group of the compound of VI by reacting the
   compound of formula VI with a compound containing R<sup>1</sup>.
  - 14. The process of claim 13, wherein said compound containing R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of acid chloride, chloroformate and acid anhydride.
- 10 15. The process of claim 14, wherein R' is BOC or CBZ.
  - 16. The process of claim 15, wherein R is tert butyl, and R<sup>1</sup> is  $-C(O)R^{Z}$  in which R<sup>2</sup> is  $(CH_3)_3CO$ -.
- 15 17. A compound of formula III,

wherein:

20 R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl;

 $R^1$  is -C(O)Rz in which  $R^z$  is (CH3)3CO-, (CH3)3CCH2-, CH3(CH2)3O-, cyclobutyl-, cyclohexyloxy, or (2-furyl);

R<sup>2</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>C(O)O-; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently a hydroxy protecting group.

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- 18. The compound of claim 17, wherein said hydroxy protecting group is selected from the group consisting of ether, dialkylsilylether, trialkylsilylether, dialkylsilylether, ester and carbonate.
- 10 19. The compound of claim 18, wherein:

said ether hydroxy protecting group is methyl, t-butyl, benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, allyl, trityl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethoxymethyl, ethoxyethyl, 1-methyl-1-methoxyethyl, tetrahydropyranyl, or tetrahydrothiopyranyl;

said dialkylsilylether hydroxy protecting group is dimethylsilyl;

said trialkylsilylether hydroxy protecting group is trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, or t-butyldimethylsilyl;

said dialkylalkoxysilylether hydroxy protecting group is diisopropyl methoxy silyl;

said ester hydroxy protecting group is benzoyl, acetyl, phenylacetyl, formyl, mono-, di-, or trihaloacetyl; and

said carbonate hydroxy protecting group is methyl, ethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, allyl, benzyl or p-nitrophenyl.

- 20. The compound of claim 17, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of 1-methyl-1-methoxyethyl (MOP), trialkyl silyl and dialkyl alkoxy silyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of dialkyl alkoxy silyl, trialkyl silyl and benzyl carbonate.
- 21. The compound of claim 17, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is triethyl silyl or t-butyldimethylsilyl; and R<sup>4</sup> is diisopropyl methoxy silyl.

- 22. The compound of claim 21, wherein R is tert butyl; and R<sup>1</sup> is  $-C(O)R^{Z}$  in which R<sup>2</sup> is  $(CH_3)_3CO$ -.
- 23. A compound of formula V,

wherein:

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R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl;

- 10 R' is an amine protecting group; and  $R^2$  is  $CH_3C(O)O$ -.
  - 24. The compound of claim 23, wherein R is tert butyl.
- 15 25. The compound of claim 24, wherein R' is BOC or CBZ.
  - 26. A compound of formula VI, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

wherein:

R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl; and  $R^2$  is  $CH_3C(O)O$ -.

- 5 27. The compound of claim 26, wherein R is tert butyl.
  - 28. A process for the preparation of a metal alkoxide of formula IIm,

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wherein  $R^2$  is  $CH_3C(O)O$ -,  $R^4$  is a hydroxy protecting group, and M is a metal atom (ion),

comprising reacting a compound of formula II,

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wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined hereinabove, with a metal base.

- 29. The process of claim 28, wherein said metal base is selected from the group consisting of lithium diisopropylamide, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyllithium, lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, phenyllithium, sodium hydride, potassium hydride and lithium hydride.
  - 30. The process of claim 28, further comprising reacting said metal alkoxide of formula IIm with a beta-lactam of formula IV,

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wherein:

R is phenyl, isopropyl, or tert butyl;

 $R^{1}$  is -C(O) $R^{Z}$  in which  $R^{z}$  is (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CO-, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>-, CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>O-,

cyclobutyl-, cyclohexyloxy, or (2-furyl); and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydroxyl protecting group,

to produce a compound of formula III,

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wherein R,  $R^1$  and  $R^3$  are as defined hereinabove;  $R^2$  and  $R^4$  are as defined in claim 28.